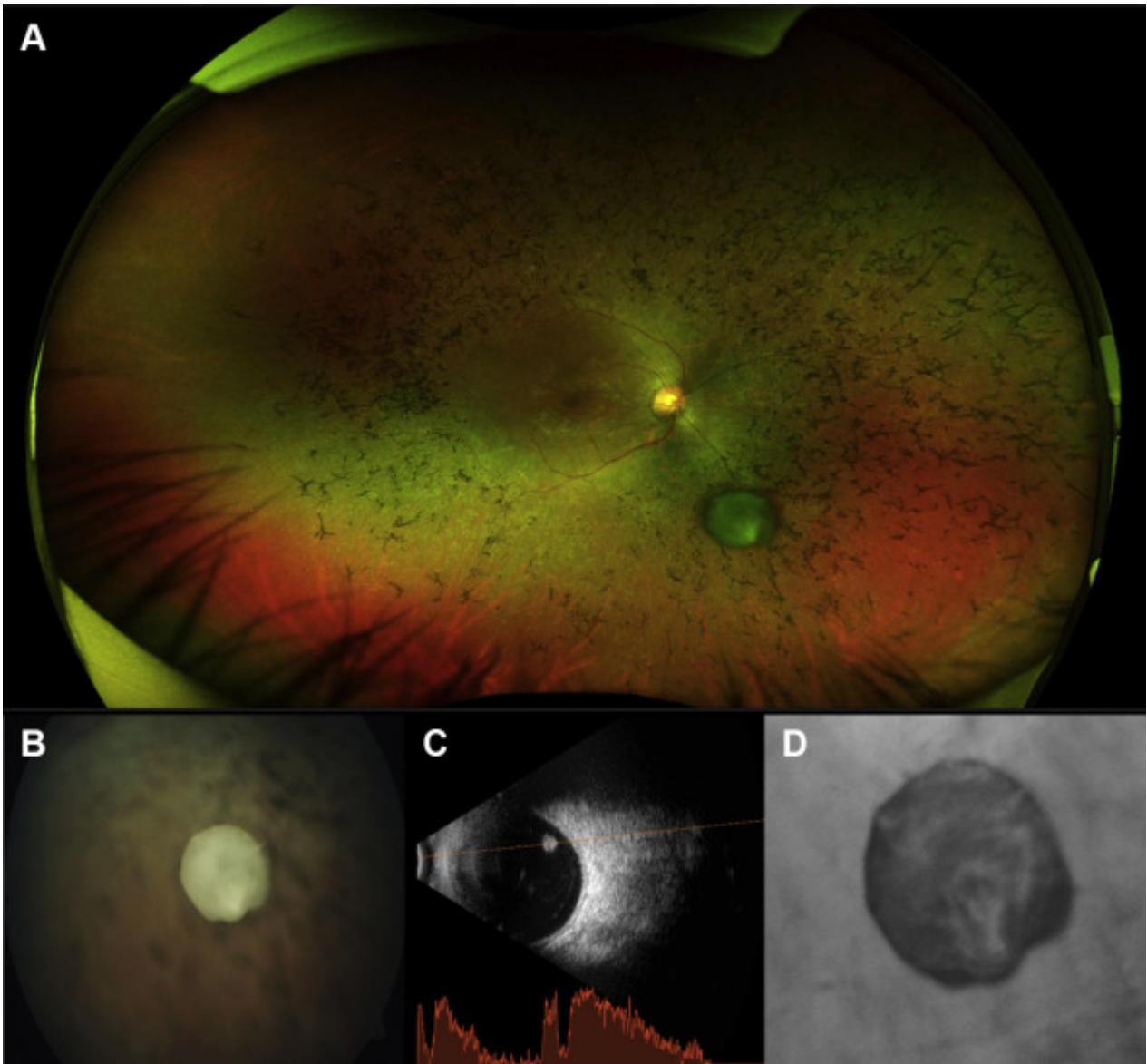


Atypical Solid Vitreous Cysts in Retinitis Pigmentosa



Bilateral fundus examination of a 30-year-old woman revealed features of retinitis pigmentosa and a solid cyst in each vitreous cavity of the right eye (**A**). The cyst was opaque and nonpigmented (**B**). Ultrasound examination showed a globular, well-defined, moderate to highly reflective solid lesion in the vitreous without an anechoic center (**C**). The infrared image showed areas of hyperreflectivity within the lesion (**D**). Vitreous cysts are known to occur secondary to degenerative conditions such as retinitis pigmentosa, usually are translucent or pigmented, and have an anechoic center with hyperreflective edges on ultrasound, unlike in our patient.

Article info

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