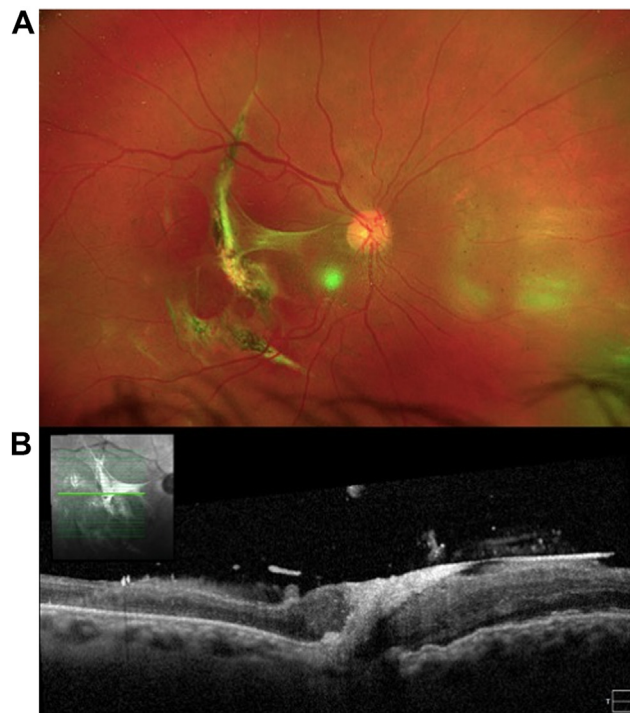


Pictures & Perspectives



Extension of Choroidal Neovascular Membrane into Subhyaloid Space after Trauma

A 33-year-old man presented with decreased vision in the right eye 2 months after trauma. Fundus examination revealed retinal hemorrhage along a choroidal rupture (A). OCT demonstrated a hyperreflective membrane extending from the choroid into the subhyaloid space (B). It is likely there was a full thickness retinal break along with a choroidal rupture at the time of the trauma. The epiretinal membrane is likely a result of the previous vitreous hemorrhage and communicates with the subretinal fibrosis from the choroidal neovascular membrane due to the retinal break. It is unlikely the choroidal neovascular membrane grew through the retina and extended into the epiretinal surface. (Magnified version of Figure A-B is available online at www.ophtalmologyretina.org).

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