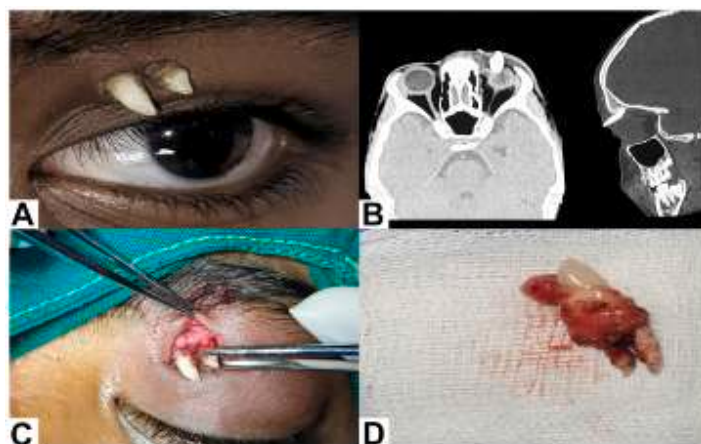




Ectopic Canine Tooth in the Superior Orbit

A 16-year-old boy presented with a painless swelling of the left upper eyelid for 1 month, with no history of trauma. Examination revealed 2 hard, well-defined whitish projections arising from a fullness in the medial third of the upper eyelid (A). Computed tomography demonstrated a well-defined hyperdense structure with crown–root morphology arising from the left orbital roof, extending into the preseptal space and projecting externally with 2 tooth-like projections on its surface (B). Surgical excision revealed a mature canine tooth (C, D) without teratomatous elements, consistent with an ectopic tooth of the superior orbit. (Magnified version of Figure A–D is available online at www.aaojournal.org).

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